

Applied Data Science Project

L2 - Project pillars













Pillars

Design Manage Develop Communicate

Executed sequentially, meaning the development comes after Design and Manage

Develop and Communicate may be executed in parallel, usually after the prepareness of the project, namely Design and Manage







A project design starts with the definition of the objectives, outcomes and output

An output is a software program, or a training material, or a workshop or a stroller

An outcome is the difference that the output makes if compared with the existing situation, for instance the software program helps the team to work faster, the stroller to keep a baby calm and relaxed

An objective is the the description of a goal, for instance lowering poverty or increasing societal inclusion



Project timeline

Pillar 1

Define the project objectives

Output, i.e. tool/service is ready to be used

Outcome, i.e. it is measurable the outcome of the project

Impact, i.e. the output creates a drastic change in the work/team/society



t(0)

t(end)

t(end) + d

t(end) + D



Centered around the user

Pillar 1

The design involves the identification of user requirements

Requirements are translated in journeys that are use cases that underline the user pains and pave the way to outline the output

A persona is a fictional character utilized to represent a user type that will use the product or the solution being generated

A fictional character has both needs and frustrations and requires tools to address a situation



Customer journey map

Pillar 1

It is defined as a comprehensive approach for improving the experience customers have along the service journey

Online Shopping Customer Journey Map

Stages of Journey	Motivation	Searches for Websites			Browses the Site	Evaluates	5 Products	Pay		
Activities	Wants to buy a Christmas gift for a friend	Searches products keywords on search engines	Clicks the 1st ads. result.	Checks online again and go to the 1st. original result	Checks out ongoing deals and hot sale products	Opens a product page to check product details.	Opens more product pages to compare info.	Processes to pay a preferred product.	Contacts online service for help.	
Feelings			8	3 2	80	Ø D	2	篇		
Very Happy	⊕									
Overall Satisfied		\							\	
Unhappy			8			8		\ \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\		
Experiences	Excited to give a surprise to the friend.	Happy to see many options Confusing about how to choose.	Annoyed at the useless info.	Happy with the informative shopping website. Not sure about how to find the best price.	Surprise to see lots of discounts	Frustrated about reviews from other customers.	Pleased with usages & designs. Sad to see out of stock products.	Frustrated to find only the Paypal payment option.	Satisfied with bank card payment. Feels unhappy to wait for a bit of long time.	
Customer Expectations	Easily to obtain discount news.	More user-friendly search engine.	Allow to hide unnecessary ads.	Clear and innovative website design.	More discounts during holidays.	Higher quality products.	Faster supply chain system.	More payment choices.	Faster website speed.	

Personas

Pillar 1



Functional requirements

Pillar 1

Needs of the fictional characters are translated into requirements of the product or solution

No.	Requirement	Notes	Category
1	Students should be able to use a live chatbox functionality to connect with available tutors.	N/A	Technical
2	Complete a roll-out of the portal to 30 after-school clubs in the state.	N/A	Business
3	The portal should include a section for explainer videos across four core educational subjects.	N/A	Technical

Example of a table that lists the requirements

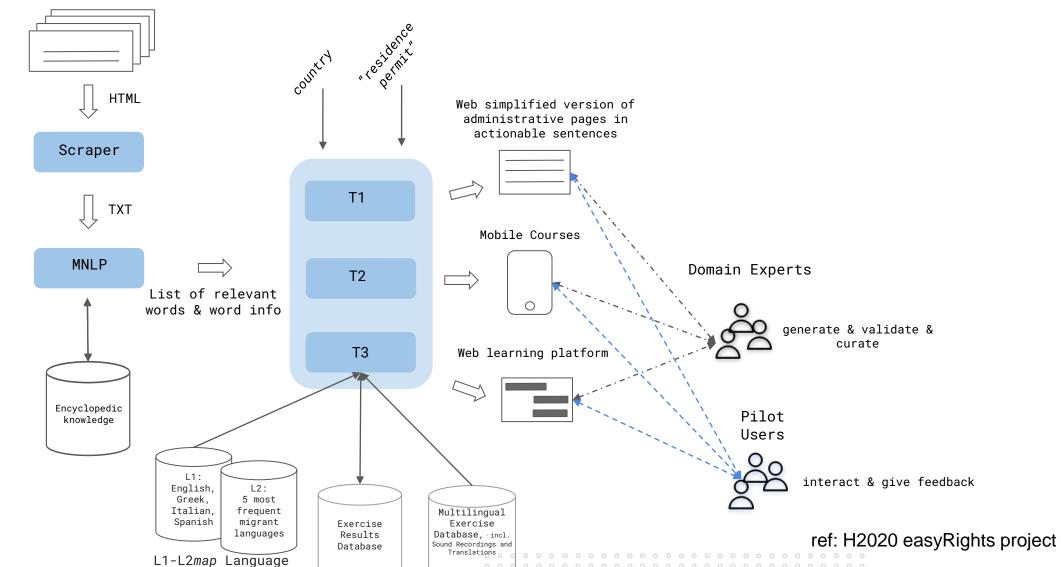




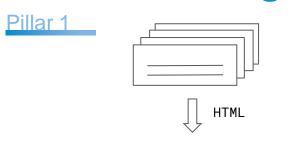
Functional diagram

Sound Inventories

Pillar 1



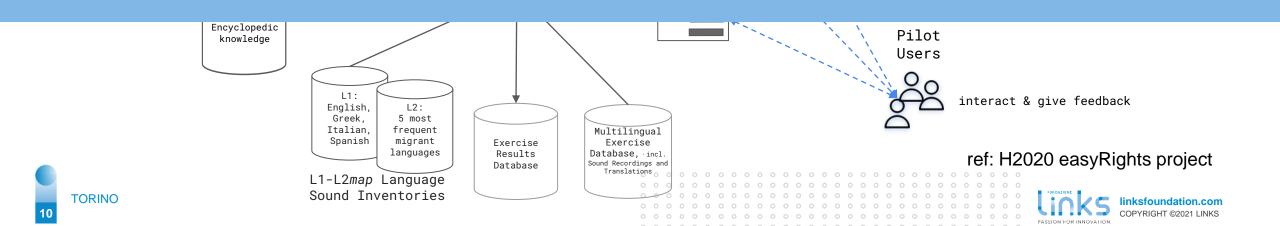
Functional diagram



country residence

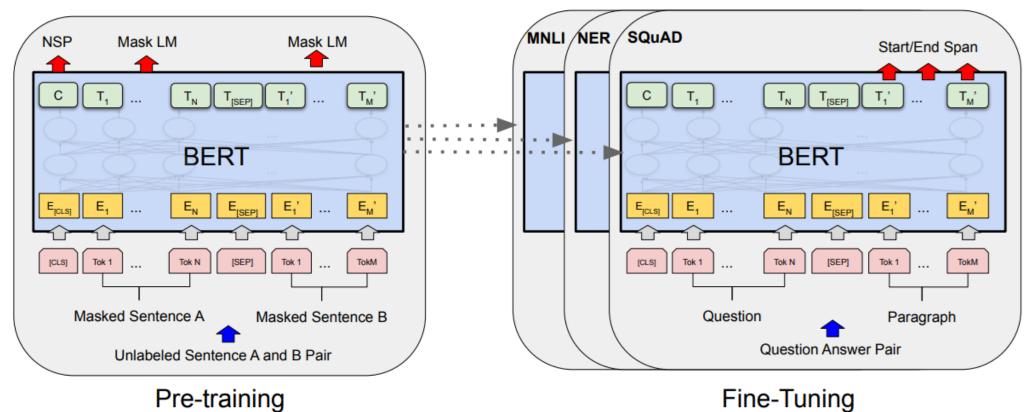
Web simplified version of administrative pages in actionable sentences

Whole project



Functional Diagram

Pillar 1



Fine-Tuning

ref: BERT





Functional diagram

Pillar 1



Architecture/Software









Group activities in work packages

A work package is a building block of the work breakdown structure that allows the project management to define the steps necessary for completion of the work

A work package can be thought of as a sub-project, which, when combined with other work package units, form the completed project

Breaking down the work into work packages allows multiple teams to work simultaneously or sequentially on different components of the project





Manage Pillar 2

Work package is defined by a description, tasks, and outputs

Description

Each work package aims to achieve one or more of the project objectives. The description of the work package should start with the statement of the project objective

The work package objectives define the methods, actions, and evaluation of the work package outputs and deliverables



Manage Pillar 2

Work package is defined by a description, tasks, and outputs



It is the description of an activity where to list methods to reach the objective



Manage

Work package is defined by a description, tasks, and outputs

Output

It can be either a software, or a visual or a document



Manage

Pillar 2

Work packages, tasks, outputs have meaningful names to let the reader understand what is the work about



Manage

.... Pillar 2

WP N°	4	WI						Leader	•	P4		
WP title		ADSP solution										
Participant	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Short name	P1	P2	P3	<u>P4</u>	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9	P10	P11	P12
PM	15	3	5.5	46	41	-	6	-	33.5	5.5	21	16.5
Start month	4							End month 36				36

Objectives

This WP will focus on the development of ...

The activities will focus on ...

The specific objectives of this WP are to:

- Task1;
- Task2:
- Task3;
- Task4.

Description of work

T4.1 Task name (M4-M36) – Leader: P1 – Contributors: P4, P2, P1, P6.

This task focuses...

T4.2 ...

T4.3 ...

T4.4 ...

Deliverables:

D4.1 Deliverable Name [P1] - Contributors: P4, P2, P1, P6. - (M12, M24, M36) - Description of the ...

D4.2 ...

Develop

Pillar 3

Align the task of the solution you are aiming to build to a known task of artificial intelligence (vision, language, ...)

For instance, you are building a solution to onboard users remotely only using a recorded video and a picture of the same user present in its electronic identification document

The task is about recognizing whether the user in the video is the same as in the picture

This is a task of classification



Stand on the shoulders of giants

Pillar 3

The artificial intelligence community made it available a consistent number of models that can be taken, adapted via transfer learning, and used

This has been demonstrated being effective because:

- it avoids the cold start problem when developing a new solution
- it helps reasoning in terms of aligning a task to existing ones
- it inherits the capability of the model to perform over the task



Workspace

Pillar 3

Shared workspace for coding

Use a meaningful name for the workspace and start filling a README with the main objectives of the project



Modular development

Pillar 3

Structure the development in modules porting the names of the utilized diagram

Each module:

- has an owner of the development
- has needs (defined) inputs
- generates (expected) outputs



Test & Scoring

Pillar 3

Define a testing environment and make it reproducible multiple times

- define once the dataset with a portion of data to be utilized for training and one portion for development and another for testing
- define the metrics, for instance accuracy or F-measure
- utilize/develop a framework for scoring. Recall: keep it fixed throughout the execution of the project unless you want to repeat all experiments all times you do a change



Communicate

Pillar 4

Strategizing the communication is usually the output of a task(s)/work package

Take the stakeholder groups you defined in the design and communicate with them

Tailor the communication according to your stakeholder groups

Keep it alive throughout the entire project (from the beginning till the end)



Communicate

Pillar 4

Visuals work best for managers/clients/customers

Spreadsheets work for managers/project team

Narratives of a technical document work for project team and additional developers



A good communication starts with a value proposition

Pillar 4

A project has a mission (1 sentence)



Accelerate the world's transition to sustainable energy



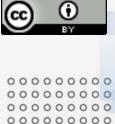






Thank you for your attention.

Questions?



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